



# Hemoglobin A1c Control for Patients with Diabetes (HBD)

## HEDIS® Measurement Year 2024

Updated measure title: **Glycemic Status Assessment for Patients With Diabetes (GSD)**

**Measure description:** The percentage of members 18–75 years of age (as of December 31 of measurement year) with diabetes (types 1 and 2) whose most recent glycemic status (hemoglobin A1c [HbA1c] or glucose management indicator [GMI]) was at the following levels during the measurement year:

- Glycemic Status <8.0%
- Glycemic Status >9.0%

### Glycemic status assessment

Glycemic status assessment can be documented using HbA1c or glucose management indicator (GMI). Glucose Management Indicator (GMI) is an estimated A1c based on the average glucose levels from at least 10 to 14 days of data from a continuous glucose monitor. Documentation in the medical record must include the date the glycemic status assessment was performed and the result.

GMI must include the data date range used to derive the result. The terminal date in the range should be used to assign assessment date.

HbA1C Codes		
CPT II	3044F	HbA1c < 7%
CPT II	3046F	HbA1c > 9
CPT II	3051F	HbA1c > or = to 7% and < 8%
CPT II	3052F	HbA1c > or = to 8% and < or = to 9%

### Strategies for improvement

- Bill using appropriate codes.
- Order labs prior to patient appointments.
- Adjust therapy to improve HbA1c levels and follow up with the patient to monitor changes.
- Educate patients about the importance of routine screening and medication compliance. Review the need for diabetes education during office visits.